

# **Art & Design**

# **Progression of Knowledge**

Key substantive and disciplinary knowledge to be taught in each year group.

Holly Primary School Head8@holly.notts.sch.uk \_



Drawing - Substantive Knowledge			
EYFS	KS1	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
<u>Nursery</u>	To know that different media makes	To know that lines can be of varying	To know that different media and pencil
Know that different tools make different	different marks. To know that line can be	thickness. To know that a line is the path	techniques can be used to achieve a
marks.	straight, curved and in any direction. To	left by a moving dot.	desired outcome. To know that line is the
	know that line can be described as a		path left by a moving dot. A line can take
Know that holding a tool in a certain way	moving dot.		many forms e.g., horizontal, diagonal or
makes it easier to control.			curved. A line can be used to show contours, movements, feelings and
<u>Reception</u>			expressions.
Know that different tools make different			
marks and that you can control the marks	To know that different pencils make	To know that tone means the lightness or	To know that tone means the lightness or
you make.	different tones. To know that tone is the	darkness of something. This could be how	darkness of something. This could be how
	lightness or darkness of something.	dark or light a colour appears.	dark or light a colour appears. Tones are
Know that texture can be described as rough, smooth, bumpy etc.			created by the way light falls on a 3D object.
	To know that drawing on different surfaces creates texture. To know that	To know that texture is how something feels- actual texture really exists to	To know that texture is the surface quality of something, the way something
	texture can change how something feels.	touch/feel or visual texture is created to making it look like actual.	feels or looks like it feels- actual texture really exists so you can touch and feel it whereas the visual texture is created by using different marks to represent actual texture.
	To know that you can recreate something		
	by drawing it.	To know that observation and	To know that different viewpoints impact
		imagination can inform drawings.	on drawing.
Drawing - Vocabulary			
Draw, self-portrait, line, shape, pencils,	Dot, line, portrait, landscape, tone,	Horizontal, vertical, thickness, visual	Perspective, horizon line, relief textures,
felt tips, chalk, oil pastels, wax crayons	texture, shape, straight, curved, light,	texture, tactile texture, proportion,	implied texture, light and dark values,
	dark, rough, smooth, pattern, mark	shading, hatching, cross-hatching,	viewpoint, contours, depth, focal point,
	making, tone, recreate,	background, foreground, patterned, plain, observation,	
		טטגפו עמנוטונ,	



Drawing - Disciplinary k	Knowledge					
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Know how to control mark-making tools. Know how to use drawing equipment to	Know how to experiment with a variety of media, pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt	Know how to control the types of marks made with the range of media.	Know how to experiment using alternative tools as well as pencils.	Know which materials can be used to create a desired outcome.	Know what line, tone, pattern and texture are and include these in drawings.	Know what line, tone, pattern and texture are and include these in drawings confidently.
draw a figure (this may be simply a circle with stick arms and legs). Know how to create pictures with a range of lines and shapes with increasing	tips, pens, chalk. Know how to experiment with tone by drawing light/dark lines, patterns and shapes using different grades of pencils.	Know how tone is affected through the use of different grades of pencils (HB, 2B, 4B)	Know how different pencils create different tones and use these to create shading. Know how to use hatching.	Know how light and dark tones can be used to create shading and shadows, know how to use cross- hatching.	Know and use different styles of shading to create light and dark effects. Begin to see how tone can achieve depth.	Know and use different styles of shading to create light and dark effects with confidence. Know how tone can achieve depth.
complexity. Know how to use a range of shapes and colours to represent observational drawings.	Know how rubbings can create texture.	Know how to experiment with different surfaces to create texture and explore patterns.	Know how looking at detail and texture can help in observational drawings.	Know how to include detail and texture when doing observational drawings.	Know how to use detail, texture, perspective and light/shade in observational drawings.	Know how to include detail, texture, perspective and light/shade when doing observational drawings.
Know how to show interest in and describe the texture of things.	Know how to observe and draw shapes and patterns.	Know how to control the size of observational drawings.	Know how scale and proportion affect drawings.	Know how to use scale and proportion in drawing.	Know how perspective is used and begin to use it in drawings.	Know how perspective and viewpoints are used and create focal points in drawings.



Painting - Substantive	Knowledge								
EYFS	<b>.</b>	KS1			Year 3/4			Year 5/6	
Nursery		Knov	v that red, blue and yello	w are	Know that	different brushes and too	ls	Know that a hue	is a colour that stems
Know that colours can	be changed.		ary colours.		can be used	d to create the desired ef	fect.		
		Knov	v that secondary colours (	are made			different tone of that colour		
<u>Reception</u>			mixing two primary colo		secondary	colours.		(lighter/darker).	
Know that colours can	be mixed to make		v that red and blue make			a tint is when a colour is		Know that thinne	r brushers allow more
new colours.			v that blue and yellow mo			<sup>,</sup> lightened by a small am	ount	precision.	
			v that red and yellow ma			colour, usually white.			s are associated with
Know that colours can	be made lighter		v that adding white make	s a colour		a shade is when a colour	is	mood.	
and darker.		lighte				er, usually adding black.			y techniques can be used
			v that adding black make	s a colour		different paints can creat	е	to create their ov	
		dark	er.			fects and textures			onious colours sit next to
					(watercoloi	ur paint is lighter etc.)			e colour wheel and
								contrasting/complementary colours are	
Painting - Vocabulary								opposite each oth	ler.
Paint, colours, change,	mix liaht dark	Alter	, brush, painting, colour,	primaru	Complemer	ntary, tinting, shade, pale	tte	Acrulic tertioru	analogous/ harmonious,
paintbrush	mux, ugitt, durk,		ndary, warm, cool, water		washes,	itary, titting, situae, pale	,	hue,	analogous, narmonious,
partitorasit			er, darker, mixing, layerin					nuc,	
Painting - Disciplinary k	Knowledge		···; ·····; ·····; ; ·····	<u>.</u>					
EYFS	Year 1		Year 2	Year 3		Year 4	Year	5	Year 6
Know how to hold a	Know how to		Know how to control	Know how	to use a	Know how to use a	Knov	v how to use a	Know how to use a
paint brush using their	experiment and c	reate	the types of marks	range of bi	rushes and	range of brushes and	rang	e of brushes and	range of brushes and
dominant hand.	different effects w		made in a range of	tools to de		tools to demonstrate		to demonstrate	tools to demonstrate
	paint using a ran		painting techniques	increasing	,	conscious control of		cious control of	conscious control of
Know how to use a	brushes and tools		e.g., layering, mixing	the types c	of marks	the types of marks	the types of marks		the types of marks
paintbrush to form	beginning to show		media, and adding	made.		made.		e matching	made matching
lines and circles.	control over effec	ts.	texture.					nique to desired	technique to desired
							purp	ose.	purpose with
Know how to explore									increasing
colour and colour									independence.
mixing.									
Know how to	Know how to		Know how to choose	Kusuk				v how to build	Know how to start
	experiment with		different thicknesses	Know how		Know how to	55	rent paints in	developing their own
distinguish between	different thickness		of paint to create	experiment		experiment with	5	s to create	style using different
colours and name	of paint on differe	ent	effects on different	different ef textures in		different effects and	55	rent effects and	effects and textures.
them.	surfaces.		surfaces.		5	textures including	textu	1.1.62.	
				blocking in	colour,	making a wash.			



Know how to safely			thickening paint to			
use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design and texture.	Know how to name the primary colours and start to mix a range of secondary colours, predicting resulting colours.	Know and understand the colour wheel and colour spectrums. Mix all the secondary colours using primary colours.	create textural effects. Know how to mix colour, shades and tones to match desired outcome.	Know how to mix colour, shades and tones with increasing accuracy to match desired outcome.	Know how to mix and match colours to create tonal effects and associate colour with mood.	Know how to mix and match colours to create atmosphere, mood and tonal effects.
	Know how to make chosen colours lighter or darker by adding white and black.	Know how to make a range of lighter and darker tones by adding white and black.	Know how to use lighter and darker tones within painting.	Know how to use lighter and darker tones within painting and begin to explore complimentary colours.	Know how to create lighter and darker hues independently.	Know which colours are harmonious and which are contrasting.



Sculpture - Substantive	Knowledge								
EYFS	<u> </u>	KS1			Year 3/4			Year 5/6	
<u>Nursery</u>			/ that natural and man-m			Andy Goldsworthy is an			an be joined using a
Know that dough/ clay		mate	rials can be used to creat	e sculpture.	pture. environmental artist.			variety of techniques.	
experimented with to m	ake different								
forms.			that malleable materials			clay can be joined using	a slip		ety of tools can be used
<b>D</b>		mode	elled into shapes or differe	ent forms.	and score t	echnique.		when creating sci	ılptures.
Reception		K			K				
Know that dough/ clay			/ that a variety of tools co			different tools make diffe	erent		mâché is made using a
pressed, squashed and s different forms.	snapea to make		eate marks and effects in materials.	ciay ana	marks and	effects.		used to cover a s	th water. Know that it is
aijjereni jornis.		other	materials.		Know that	papier mâché is a solutio	n		ause it becomes firm
Know that different mai	rks can he made					sculpture to strengthen i		once dried.	iuse ii becomes jimi
in dough/ clay.	is can be made				uuucu io u	scupture to strengthen i		once unicu.	
the adagn, etag.									
Know that simple decor	ations can be								
applied to a sculpture.									
Sculpture - Vocabulary									
Dough, clay, shape, too	ough, clay, shape, tools, roll, press, Car		ng, sculpture, moulding, l	knead,	Papier mâc	hé, slip, score, environme	ental	Blend, slabs, coil,	
squash	5 5 1		struct, wire,		art,	·			
Sculpture - Disciplinary	Knowledge								
EYFS	Year 1		Year 2	Year 3		Year 4	Year 5		Year 6
Know how to	Know how to use		Know how to	Know how		Know how to use a		v how to use	Know how to use clay
manipulate malleable	range of malleable		manipulate clay or	adequately		variety of materials,		in joining clay,	and other malleable
materials to create	media, including o		other malleable	creating a s		effects and textures.		as: slips, score,	materials with
shapes.	and explore rolling		materials for a variety	create a sir		Use combining skills	blend	l, slabs and coils.	confidence and recall
<b>K</b> 1 . 11	kneading and sha	ping.	of purposes.	base for ex		more readily (score			the joining techniques.
Know how to add				and modell	ing other	and slip technique).			
simple decorations to sculpture for artistic	Know how to			shapes.		Know how to plan,			Know how to create a
effect.	construct and join		Know how to	Know how	to nlan	design, make and	Know	v how to plan a	sculpture and
ejject.	recycled, natural o		construct and join	design and		adapt models, and		ture through	constructions with
Know how to make	manmade materia		recycled, natural and	models.	Intalte	make informed		ving and	increasing
marks in dough/ clay			manmade materials			choices.		aratory work.	independence.
and begin to describe			and show an					5	
textures.			awareness of						
			materials that join						
			well together.						



Know how to explore shape and form.	Know how to be safe with tools and materials and take care of and with them.	Know how to identify and name the tools and materials they have used.	Know how to match the tool to the material and work in a safe, organised and caring way.	Know and explain how to work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment.	Know and explain how to work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment and offer ways to improve this.
		Know how to make a simple papier mâché object.	Know how to talk about their work and show an understanding that it has been sculptured, modelled or constructed.	Know how to develop use of papier mâché in sculptures and use it to add more detail and 3D effects.	Know how to use papier mâché along with recycled, natural and manmade materials to create a sculpture.
		Know what environmental sculpture is and how it is created.	Know what environmental sculpture is and how it is created choosing their own materials for effect/textures.		



Printing – Disciplinary k	Knowledge					
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Know how to explore printing using different found objects.	Know how to mono print using one colour. Know how to explore printing with a ready- made relief printing block.	Know how to mono print using more than one colour. Know how to make a relief printing block using string on a card base.	Know how to explore mono-printing using motifs and colours. Know how to explore relief printing with more independence.	Know how to explore both mono-printing and relief printing. Know how to add more detail when making own printing blocks (e.g., add more detail after 1st print and print again with a 2nd colour).	Know how to use mono-printing and relief printing with more independence.	Know how to use mono-printing and relief printing with confidence and experiment with adding more colours.
Collage - Disciplinary K	nowledge	1	1		1	1
Know how to glue materials to a background to create desired shapes.	Know how to glue materials to a background to create desired shapes, patterns and effects.	Know how to glue materials to different backgrounds to create desired shapes, patterns and effects.	Know how to overlap paper and other materials to create texture.	Know how to overlap and overlayer paper and other materials to create texture.	Know how to experiment with adding collage to a painted or drawn background.	Know how to integrate collage with other techniques to create visual and textural effects.
Know how to tear, cut and crumple paper to create different shapes.	Know how to fold, tear, cut and crumple paper to create different shapes and effects.	Know how to fold, tear, cut, crumple and overlap paper to create different shapes and effects. Know how to explore	Know how to shape paper and other materials to achieve desired effects.	Know how to shape paper and other materials accurately to achieve desired effects. Know how to design and make a collage to	Know how to independently shape materials accurately to achieve a desired effect. Know how to select	Know how to purposefully choose materials and manipulate them to achieve a desired effect.
	Know how to explore colour effects by selecting from a variety of materials in a collage.	texture and colour effects by selecting from a variety of materials in a collage.	Know how to create a collage to show a variety of textures and colours or both.	show a variety of textures and colours or both.	from a range of materials and refine techniques to create a collage which explores a theme.	Know how to select from a range of materials and refine techniques to create a collage which explores a theme, idea or style.



EYFS	KS1	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Nursery	Know that mono printing is a print that	Know that a printing block can be used	Know that prints and collage materials
Know that prints can be made using	is made once.	more than once and can be kept the	can be arranged in different ways to
found objects e.g., leaves.		same or changed each time,	create different effects.
	Know that relief printing using a 3D		55 55
Know that sponges can be used to print	block.	Know that texture can be created	
areas of colour.		through collage.	
,	Know that paper and other materials can	5 5	
Know that materials can be crumpled	be manipulated and moved around to		
and stuck.	make a collage.		
Reception	Know that a collage is piece of art made		
Know that a variety of materials can be	by sticking various different materials		
used for printing. E.g., sponge, fruit,	(such as photographs and pieces of paper		
blocks etc.	or fabric) on to a backing.		
	··· j······		
Know that rubbings can be taken from			
objects such as leaves.			
Know that materials can be torn, cut,			
crumpled and stuck to make a collage.			
Vocabulary			
Print, sponge, collage, tear, cut, crumple,	Arrange, collage, cut, materials, join,	Symmetry, tessellation, mixed media,	Motif, assemblage, juxtaposition, block
stick, glue	glue, print, pattern, repeat, tear, fold,	layering, assemble, montage, mosaic,	printing, integrate,
	crumple,	overlapping, mono-print, relief-print,	-



Evaluating work, including the work of arti	sts and designers. – Substantive Knowledge	!	
EYFS	KS1	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
<u>Artists studied:</u>	Artists studied:	Artists studied:	Artists studied:
<u>Cycle A-</u>	Vincent Van Gogh	Michael Angelo	William Morris
Frieda Kahlo	Wassily Kandinsky	Leonardo Di Vinci	Monet
Andy Warhol	Pablo Picasso	Andy Goldsworthy	Hokusai
Vincent Van Gogh	Kara Walker	Tom McGuinness	Banksy
<u>Cycle B-</u>		Noman Cornish	Georgia O'Keefe
Orla Kiely	Know that artists produce different	Australian Artists	Vivienne Westwood
E.A. Seguy	portraits.		
Henri Rousseau	-	Know that Michael Angelo was an	Know that William Morris was a designer
	Know that Van Gogh creates portraits	Italian artist and architect who was	most famous for his printed wallpaper
Nursery	which reflect mood, likes and dislikes.	influenced by the Italian Renaissance	designs which were repeated using block
Know that some artists are famous		movement.	printing.
because of their artwork.	Know that Picasso creates portraits in		
-	an unrealistic style using patterns and	Know that Leonardo Di Vinci painted	Know that Claude Monet is known as a
<u>Reception</u>	colours.	the Mona Lisa.	founder of the Impressionist movement.
Know that Frieda Kahlo painted self-			Know that his painting 'Waterlilies' is one of
portraits.	Know that Kandinsky is well known for	Know that Andy Goldsworthy is a	his most celebrated works of art.
	his different paintings, where he uses	current British artist who uses natural	
Know that Van Gogh painted sunflowers.	shapes, lines and colours which don't	materials to make sculptures.	Know that Hokusai is a famous Japanese
	always look realistic.		artist best known for his wood block print
Know that Henri Rousseau painted jungle	·		series which contained 'The Great Wave Off
scenes.	Know that Kara Walker makes art out		Kanagawa'.
	of silhouettes.		, j
	2		Know that Banksy is a famous – but
			anonymous — British street/graffiti artist.
			Know that his work gets people excited but is
			also considered criminal damage.
			Know that Georgia O'Keefe painted nature in
			a way that showed how it made her feel.
			Know that Vivienne Westwood was an English fashion designer who promoted political causes (e.g., climate change) through her products.



Evaluating Work - Vocabulary							
Artist, artwork, Frieda Kahlo, Van Gogh, Henri Rousseau, like, dislike	techniques, mode	appreciation, artistic rn, interest, same, rent,	techniques, influ	ite, feeling, style,	Abstract, art movements, critically review,		
Evaluating Work - Disciplinary							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Know how to begin describing artwork,	Know how to	Know how to	Know how to	Know how to	Know how to	Know how to compare	
beginning to say what they notice about	describe artwork,	describe artwork,	describe different	compare different	compare different	different styles and	
it.	saying what they notice about it.	saying what they find interesting about the work,	works by the same artist, saying what they find	styles and approaches by artists, noticing	styles and approaches by artists, and how	approaches by artists and how artists and artistic movements	
		and how the artist has developed ideas and techniques.	interesting about the works, and how the artist has developed ideas and techniques.	similarities and differences in terms of media, ideas and techniques.	artists have developed ideas and themes within their work, and how artistic	have influenced one another.	
Know how to say what they like and dislike about artwork.					movements can be described.	Know how to describe, using artistic language,	
	Know how to make simple comparisons between different works of art, describing what they notice.	Know how to compare works on similar themes by different artists, describing similarities and differences in what they observe.	Know how to compare works on similar themes by different artists, using artistic language to describe similarities and differences in what they observe.	Know how to describe, using artistic language, how their own work has similarities to that of artists they have studied.	Know how to describe, using artistic language, how their own work has similarities to that of artists they have studied, and how they have tried to show this in their work.	how and why they have used the work of artists and designers to influence their own work. Know how to discuss and critically review their work, both in progress and when	
	Know how to look and talk about what they are doing, describing simple techniques and media used,	Know how to describe and explain the successes and challenges of what they are doing (while they are	Know how to describe and explain the successes and challenges of what they are doing (while they are	Know how to discuss and review their work, both in progress and when completed, expressing their thoughts and	Know how to discuss and review their work, both in progress and when completed, responding to	completed, identifying where feedback would be helpful to them to develop further.	



expressi	ng their working),	working),	feelings,	feedback from	
likes and	l dislikes. identifying what	identifying how	identifying	others.	
	they are pleased	they solved any	modifications and		
	with and what	problems they	aspects which		
	could be adapted.	encountered and	could be		
		suggesting	developed further.		
		changes they			
		might make.			



Exploring and developir	ng ideas - Vocabulary						
EYFS	KS1		Year 3/4		Year 5/6		
Materials, tools,	Create, develop, metho explore, sketchbook,	d, effect, experiment,	Adapt, annotate, mood resources,	, precise, refine,	Enhance, convey, expres provoke, qualities,	sion, interpretation,	
Exploring and developir	ng ideas - Disciplinary						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Know how to make simple observational drawings of animals and plants. Know how to begin to talk about their ideas and the choices they have made, beginning to include chosen tools, media and	Know how to sketch to make recordings in sketchbooks.	Know how sketchbooks can be used to record ideas and experiment in.	Know how a sketchbook can be used for different purposes including recording, observations, planning and shaping ideas (recording and experimenting in sketchbooks).	Know how a sketchbook can be used to improve understanding, inform ideas and plan outcomes (sketchbooks will show several different versions of an idea and how research has led to improvements	Know how a sketchbook can be used for a variety of purposes including recording observations, developing ideas, testing materials, planning and recording information (often independently).	Know how a sketchbook is used to systematically investigate, research, plan and test ideas (sketchbooks will show ir advance how work will be produced and how th qualities of materials will be used.	
materials.	Know how to record their own ideas in response to first hand observations, e.g., natural objects, pictures, works and designs by artists, artefacts, and experiences.	Know how to choose their own starting point from a range of ideas e.g., study of natural objects, pictures, works and designs by artists, artefacts, and experiences.	Know how to choose different starting points from a range of ideas e.g., study of natural objects, pictures, works and designs by artists, artefacts, and experiences.	in their proposed outcome). Know how to investigate a range of possible starting points for their work, including artworks by artists and designers and choose ideas to develop further, giving reasons for their choices.	Know how to choose a preferred starting point for their work, including the influence of work by artists and designers, giving reasons for their choices.	Know how to choose a preferred starting point for their work, planning how their work might develop and which techniques they will use. Know and explain with reasoning how they are developing their ideas as	
	Know how to talk about their ideas and the choices they have made, including	Know how to ask and answer questions about choices they have made, including chosen tools, media,	Know how to ask and answer questions about starting points, and choices they have made, including	Know and describe how they are developing their ideas as they work, using artistic language.	Know and explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, using artistic language.	they work, using artistic language.	



chosen tools, me		chosen tools, media and materials and			Know how to speculate
and materials.	purpose.				and decide what
		purpose.			experimentation across
			Know how to	Know how to explain	different media might be
		Know how to adapt	speculate and decide	their thinking behind	interesting to pursue.
	Know how to adapt	ideas through	what experimentation	the experimentation	
Know how to	ideas through	deliberate	might be interesting	they have chosen to	
experiment with	experimentation.	experimentation.	to pursue.	pursue.	
chosen materials	and				
ideas.					



#### Long Term Overview

	EYFS	Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Autumn A	<u>Good to be Me.</u> Self-portraits Frieda Kahlo (Drawing) <u>Wonderful weather</u> Diva Lamps (Sculpture) Wrapping paper Andy Warhol (Printing)	<u>What makes me Super?</u> Portraits and self portraits Van Gogh (Drawing)	<u>Dragonolgy</u> Dragon eyes- clay (Sculpture) Watercolour eyes (Painting) Printing?	<u>Invaders and Settlers</u> William Morris — printing Sculpture- Shield (Printing. Sculpture)
Spring A	<u>Dragon scales and knight tales</u> Colour mixing- Dragons (Painting) <u>A pirate's life for me</u> Pirate collage (Collage)	<u>I like to be beside the seaside.</u> Kandinsky (Painting / Collage- tearing)	<u>Extreme Earth</u> Papier Mache – volcanoes (Sculpture/Painting)	<u>Rivers</u> Monet- Sketching and Watercolour (Drawing / Painting) Georgia O'Keefe- flowers/landscapes (Colour)
Summer A	<u>Ready, steady, grow!</u> Clay Plants (Sculpture) Observational drawings of plants Van Gogh (Drawing) <u>On safari</u> Tints and tones (Painting)	<u>Amazing Africa</u> African Art clay pots (Sculpture)	<u>Mediterranean</u> Michael Angelo Study- drawing (upside down) Leonardo di Vinci- portraits (drawing)	<u>Japan</u> Hokusai- perspective drawing, the great wave (Painting)
Autumn B	<u>Super me</u> Self-portraits (Drawing) <u>Day and Night</u> Diva Lamps (Sculpture) Wrapping paper Orla Kiehly (Printing)	<u>Me and My Community</u> Silhouettes / Portraits Picasso Kara Walker- silhouette art (Drawing)	<u>Robin Hood</u> Study of Andy Goldsworthy (Painting / Collage)	<u>Plastic Sucks!</u> Collage. Observational drawings (Collage / Drawing) Vivienne Westwood- designer- climate change
Spring B Y3/4 Autumn B 2	<u>Dinosaur Detectives</u> Colour mixing- Dinosaurs (Painting) <u>On the farm</u> Farm collage	<u>Author Study- Julia Donaldson</u> Printing- leaf, seasons. Sculpture- tree/Stick Man- wire) (Printing/Sculpture).	<u>Mining</u> Different media (Drawing) 2x Artists studied- Miners	<u>Ancient Egypt</u> Egyptian Masks- papier mâché. Sarcophagus- clay. (Sculpture / Painting)



	(Collage)			
Summer B	<u>Our amazing Earth</u>	<u>Polar Bear, Polar Bear</u>	<u>Australia</u>	Crime and Punishment
	Clay Mini beasts (Sculpture)	Hot and cold paintings- tones and	Aboriginal Art	Banksy 'artist' study- graffiti
	Observational drawings of mini beasts	tints	(Painting / Sculpture)	(Drawing / Printing)
	E.A.Seguy	(Painting)	2x Australian Artists studied.	
	(Drawing)		One man one woman	
	<u>Down in the Jungle</u>			
	Tints and tones			
	Henri Rousseau			
	(Painting)			